

113 學年度科技校院四年制與專科學校二年制

統一入學測驗公告答案

考科代碼：4-00-MB

類 別：共同科目

考 科：數學(B)

題號	答案	題號	答案	題號	答案	題號	答案	題號	答案	題號	答案
1	A	11	D	21	D	31		41		51	
2	A	12	B	22	C	32		42		52	
3	A	13	D	23	B	33		43		53	
4	B	14	C	24	A	34		44		54	
5	D	15	B	25	C	35		45		55	
6	C	16	A	26		36		46		56	
7	D	17	B	27		37		47		57	
8	C	18	C	28		38		48		58	
9	D	19	A	29		39		49		59	
10	B	20	C	30		40		50		60	

1. $\vec{a} \cdot \vec{b} = 10 \Rightarrow (x, 1) \cdot (2, y) = 10 \Rightarrow 2x + y = 10$

2. 我們(x)與惡(2)的距離 = $|x - 2|$

善(3)與惡(2)的距離 = $|3 - 2|$

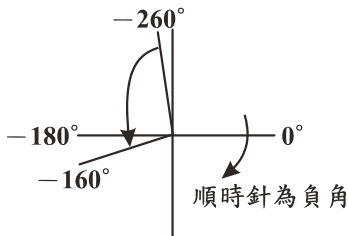
我們與惡的距離小於善與惡的距離 $\Rightarrow |x - 2| < |3 - 2|$

3. $\theta : 50^\circ \Rightarrow 100^\circ$

$2\theta - 360^\circ : -260^\circ \Rightarrow -160^\circ$

$\sin(2\theta - 360^\circ) : \sin(-260^\circ) \Rightarrow \sin(-180^\circ) \Rightarrow \sin(-160^\circ)$

正 \Rightarrow 0 \Rightarrow 負



4. $m_1 = -1$

$L_3 \perp L_2 \Rightarrow$ 因 $L_1 // L_2$, 則 $L_1 \perp L_3 \Rightarrow m_1 \cdot m_3 = -1 \Rightarrow m_3 = 1$

由點斜式

$L_3 : y - 114 = 1(x - 113) \Rightarrow x - y + 1 = 0$

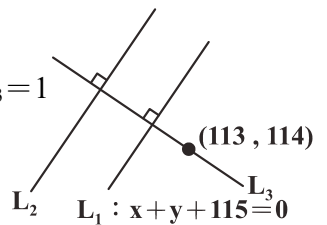
令 $y = 0 : x$ 軸截距 = -1

5. $f(x)$ 除以 $(x-1)$ 餘 2 $\Rightarrow f(1) = 2$
 $f(x)$ 除以 $(x-2)$ 餘 1 $\Rightarrow f(2) = 1$ } 代入選項檢驗

(D) $f(x) = 2024(x-1)(x-2) - (x-2) + 1$

$f(1) = 2024 \cdot 0 \cdot (-1) - (-1) + 1 = 2$ (合)

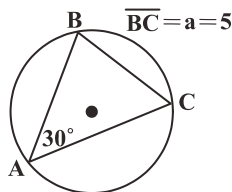
$f(2) = 2024 \cdot 1 \cdot 0 - 0 + 1 = 1$ (合)



6. 由正弦定理

$$2R = \frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{5}{\sin 30^\circ} = \frac{5}{\frac{1}{2}} = 10$$

$\therefore R = 5$, 圓面積 = $\pi R^2 = \pi \cdot 5^2 = 25\pi$



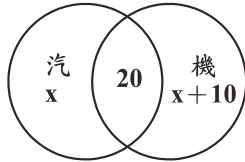
7. 設 n 年後小倩的月薪最接近 8 萬元

$$40000 \times (1.02)^n \doteq 80000 \Rightarrow \log(1.02)^n \doteq \log 2 \Rightarrow n \cdot \log 1.02 \doteq \log 2$$

$$\Rightarrow n \doteq \frac{\log 2}{\log 1.02} = \frac{0.3010}{0.0086} = 35$$

8. 設僅有汽車的車主有 x 位

全部 100 位 \Rightarrow



$$\Rightarrow 100 = x + 20 + (x + 10) \Rightarrow 100 = 2x + 30 \Rightarrow x = 35$$

9. $x^2 + 3x + c = 0 \quad \begin{cases} \alpha + \beta = -3 \\ \alpha \beta = c \end{cases}$

$$\text{由 } \frac{1}{\alpha} + \frac{1}{\beta} = 1 \Rightarrow \frac{\alpha + \beta}{\alpha \beta} = 1 \Rightarrow \frac{-3}{c} = 1 \Rightarrow c = -3$$

10. (1) A, C 在 $L: 2x - 3y - 6 = 0$ 同側

$$\Rightarrow (2a_1 - 3a_2 - 6)(2 \cdot 1 - 3 \cdot 3 - 6) > 0$$

$$\Rightarrow (2a_1 - 3a_2 - 6)(-13) > 0 \quad \text{兩邊同除以 } (-13) \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} \text{點}(2a_1 - 3a_2 - 6, 2b_1 - 3b_2 - 6) \\ \Rightarrow \text{點(負, 正)} \\ \Rightarrow \text{點落在第二象限} \end{array} \right\}$$

$$\Rightarrow 2a_1 - 3a_2 - 6 < 0$$

(2) B, C 在 $L: 2x - 3y - 6 = 0$ 異側

$$\Rightarrow (2b_1 - 3b_2 - 6)(2 \cdot 1 - 3 \cdot 3 - 6) < 0$$

$$\Rightarrow (2b_1 - 3b_2 - 6)(-13) < 0 \quad \text{兩邊同除以 } (-13)$$

$$\Rightarrow 2b_1 - 3b_2 - 6 > 0$$

11. 小麥先生買 2 罐飲料價格為 x 元與 $(x-10)$ 元

結帳金額 = 價格高者原價，價格低者打 7 折

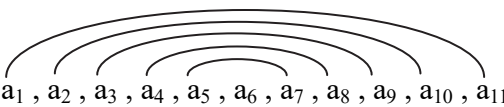
$$= x + (x - 10)(0.7)$$

12. $\begin{cases} x > 0 \\ y > 0 \end{cases}$ 兩者都要

$$20x + 12y \leq 70 \Rightarrow 10x + 6y \leq 35$$

	$6y \leq 25$	$6y \leq 15$	$6y \leq 5$
x	1	2	3
y	1~4	1~2	不合

故數對 (x, y) 有 6 種可能性

13.  $a_1, a_2, a_3, a_4, a_5, a_6, a_7, a_8, a_9, a_{10}, a_{11}$ 成等差

$$\begin{array}{c} \parallel \\ 88 \end{array}$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} a_5 = 88 - d \\ a_7 = 88 + d \end{array} \right\} a_5 + a_7 = 176$$

⋮

⋮

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} a_1 = 88 - 5d \\ a_{11} = 88 + 5d \end{array} \right\} a_1 + a_{11} = 176$$

$$\therefore \text{三年級學生人數} = 176 \times 5 (\text{組}) + 88 = 968$$

14. $\theta = 240^\circ \times \frac{\pi}{180^\circ} = \frac{4\pi}{3}$

$$\widehat{AB} = r \cdot \theta = 100 \cdot \frac{4\pi}{3} = \frac{400\pi}{3}$$

$$\text{來回算一趟} = \frac{800\pi}{3}$$

$$\frac{800\pi}{3} \times x > 8000 \Rightarrow x > \frac{8000}{\frac{800\pi}{3}} \doteq 9.55 \Rightarrow \text{最小 } x = 10$$

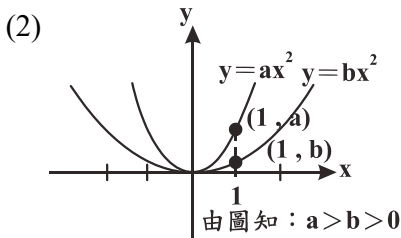
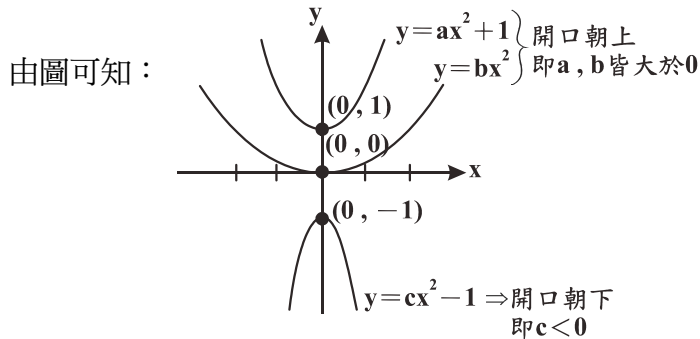
15. 甜湯有 3 種；配料有 5 種

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} \text{選 1 : } C_1^3 \\ \text{選 2 : } C_2^5 \end{array} \right\}$$

$$\text{綜合豆花搭配可能性} = C_1^3 \cdot C_2^5 = 30$$

16. $\left. \begin{array}{l} L_1 : 3x + 4y - 6 = 0 \\ L_2 : 3x + 4y - 11 = 0 \end{array} \right\} d(\text{平行線}) = \frac{|-6 - (-11)|}{\sqrt{3^2 + 4^2}} = 1 = \text{正方形 } ABCD \text{ 之邊長}$

17. (1) 代入 $x=0$
$$\begin{cases} y=ax^2+1 \Rightarrow y=1 \\ y=bx^2 \Rightarrow y=0 \\ y=cx^2-1 \Rightarrow y=-1 \end{cases}$$



由(1), (2) $\Rightarrow a > b > c$

18.

由餘弦定理： $\cos A = \frac{b^2 + c^2 - a^2}{2b \cdot c}$

$$\Rightarrow \cos 60^\circ = \frac{1}{2} = \frac{90000 + 640000 - a^2}{2 \cdot 300 \cdot 800}$$

$$\Rightarrow 730000 - a^2 = 240000$$

$$\Rightarrow a^2 = 490000$$

$$\Rightarrow a = 700$$

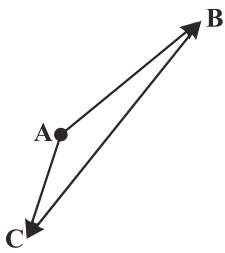
小仲比原規劃路線多走之距離 $= c + a - b = 800 + 700 - 300 = 1200$ (公尺)

19. 圓心 O 至 $\begin{cases} L_1: 5x + 12y - 16 = 0 \text{ 之距離} = d_1 \\ L_2: 5x + 12y + 12 = 0 \text{ 之距離} = d_2 \end{cases}$

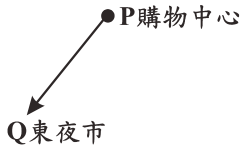
(A) $O(-2, 1), r = 1$
$$\begin{cases} d_1 = \frac{|5(-2) + 12 \cdot 1 - 16|}{\sqrt{5^2 + 12^2}} = \frac{14}{13} > r \\ d_2 = \frac{|5(-2) + 12 \cdot 1 + 12|}{\sqrt{5^2 + 12^2}} = \frac{14}{13} > r \end{cases}$$

\therefore 此圓完全落在深色區域內

20. (1) $\vec{AB} + \vec{BC} = \vec{AC}$



(2) \vec{PQ} 與 \vec{AC} 最接近



21. 隔年月薪"皆"增加 5000 元

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} \text{算術平均數增加5000元} \\ \text{母體標準差不受平移影響，故不變} \end{cases} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} x > 47500 \\ y = 3000 \end{cases}$$

22. 點數和=9 點或 10 點

小慈 小巴 小慈 小巴

(3, 6) (4, 6)

※(6, 3) ※(6, 4)

(4, 5) (5, 5)

※(5, 4)

※為小慈勝出 $\Rightarrow P = \frac{3}{7}$

23. ↙ ↙ ↙ ↙ ↙

摩天輪，碰碰車，小火車，旋轉木馬 \Rightarrow 先排 = $4! = 24$

海盜船，雲霄飛車 \Rightarrow 插空且可互換： $P_2^5 = 20$

遊玩行程 = $24 \times 20 = 480$

24. 令 A 口味糕餅製作 x 個

B 口味糕餅製作 y 個

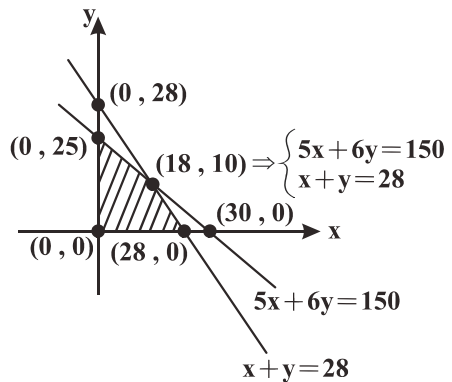
$$\begin{cases} x \geq 0 \\ y \geq 0 \\ 100x + 120y \leq 3000 \\ x + y \leq 28 \end{cases} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} x \geq 0 \\ y \geq 0 \\ 5x + 6y \leq 150 \\ x + y \leq 28 \end{cases}$$

$f(x, y) = 80x + 90y$

$f(28, 0) = 2240$

$f(18, 10) = 2340 \cdots$ 最大利潤

$f(0, 25) = 2250$



25. $y = 50 \cdot \log_{10} x$

(A) $x = 100 \Rightarrow y = 50 \cdot \log_{10} 100 = 50 \times 2 = 100$

(B) $x = 10 \Rightarrow y = 50 \cdot \log_{10} 10 = 50 \times 1 = 50$

(C) $x = 2 \Rightarrow y = 50 \cdot \log_{10} 2 = 50(0.3010) = 15.05$

(D) $x = 16 \Rightarrow y = 50 \cdot \log_{10} 16 = 50 \log_{10} 2^4 = 200 \log_{10} 2 = 200(0.3010) = 60.2$